

**CYP19**

Population	Ref	n	7.3	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
<b>Europe</b>										
<b>Germany (pooled)</b>		790	<b>0.3318</b>	<b>0.1428</b>	<b>0.1108</b>	<b>0.0031</b>	<b>0.0212</b>	<b>0.3661</b>	<b>0.0243</b>	<b>0.0009</b>
Germany (South)	(3, 6)	724	0.3310	0.1420	0.1130	0.0030	0.0210	0.3670	0.0230	0.0010
<b>Spain (Galicia)</b>	(4)	260	<b>0.3170</b>	<b>0.1480</b>	<b>0.0690</b>	<b>0.0020</b>	<b>0.0210</b>	<b>0.4020</b>	<b>0.0350</b>	<b>0.0060</b>
<b>Africa</b>										
<b>Cabo Verde</b>	(5)	244	<b>0.3590</b>	<b>0.3570</b>	<b>0.0730</b>	<b>0.0000</b>	<b>0.0000</b>	<b>0.1670</b>	<b>0.0440</b>	<b>0.0000</b>

## References:

(3) **Weispenning, R., Luckenbach, C.** (1998) Institut für Anthropologie und Humangenetik, Tübingen, personal communication

(4) **Caeiro, B., Luis, J.R., Dios, S.** (1998) Genetic studies of the nucleotide repeat CYP19. Progr. Forensic Genet. 7: 252-254

(5) **Dios, S., Luis, J.R., Caeiro, B., Teixeira Ribeiro, J.C.** (1998) TPOX, HUMVWA31/A, HUMTH01, CYP19, D5S373, D8S323, D8S344, D8S345: STR database for a West African population. Progr. Forensic Genet. 7: 267-269

(6) **Weispenning, R., Luckenbach, C., Ritter, H.** (1998) CD4, CYP19, FABP2 and LPL: Analysis, sequencing and frequency data. Progr. Forensic Genet. 7: 378-380

## Errata:

## Recalculated data and misprints of the book (correct data in red)

Population	Ref	n	7.3	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
Germany (Hesse) p. 24	(1)	66	0.3410	0.1520	0.0870	0.0040	0.0230	0.3560	0.0380	0.0000
<b>Japan (Kanto) p. 24</b>	(2)	200	<b>0.5875</b>	<b>0.0025</b>	<b>0.0000</b>	<b>0.0025</b>	<b>0.3250</b>	<b>0.0800</b>	<b>0.0025</b>	